



[Oracle 1z0-031](#)

Exam Name: *orcacle9i database:fundamentals i*

Q & A : 169 Q&As

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Exam : Oracle 1Z0-031

Title : Orcacle 9i Database:Fundamentals I

1. You want the Oracle server to force all the users of the administration department to change their passwords at regular intervals. What would you use to implement this?

- A.role
- B.profile
- C.system privilege
- D.database trigger
- E.Database Resource Manager

Answer: B

2. Which two statements are true for a bitmap index? (Choose two.)

- A. It is recommended for the columns that have unique values.
- B. It stores a string of bits that represent the key column values.
- C. It can be converted to a B-Tree index by using the ALTER INDEX command.
- D. The updating to the key column locks the whole bitmap segment that contains the bit for the key value to be updated.

Answer: BD

3. You have only one control file, control01.ctl, in your database. You decide to multiplex the control file and perform the following steps:

After startup, you queried V\$CONTROLFILE and find that the multiplexing was not successful. What could be the reason for this?

- A. You copied the control file after the instance was shut down.
- B. You used an operating system command to copy the control file.
- C. You did not issue the manual checkpoint before the instance was shut down.
- D. You did not update the parameter file to add information about the new control file.

Answer: D

4. You accepted the position of DBA with a new company. The company has a database that operates in a 24x7 environment. You need to know if the database has been started using a text initialization parameter (PFILE) or a server parameter file (SPFILE).

Which two options help you to determine this? (Choose two.)

- A. query V\$SPPARAMETER
- B. query the V\$INSTANCE view
- C. query the DATABASE_PROPERTIES view
- D. use the SHOW PARAMETER SPFILE command
- E. use the SHOW PARAMETER INSTANCE command

Answer: AD

5. Consider the following phases involved in the processing of a SQL statement:

Arrange the phases involved in processing a COMMIT statement in the correct sequence.

- A. Parse, Bind
- B. Execute, Fetch
- C. Parse, Execute
- D. Parse, Bind, and Execute
- E. Parse, Bind, Execute, and Fetch
- F. Execute, Bind, Parse, and Execute

Answer: C

6. Consider the following phases involved in the processing of a SQL statement:

Arrange the phases involved in processing a data manipulation language (DML) statement in the correct sequence.

- A. Execute, Bind, and Fetch
- B. Parse, Bind, and Execute
- C. Parse, Execute, Bind, and Fetch
- D. Execute, Bind, Parse, and Fetch

Answer: B

7. A user executes a query on a table. Which process is responsible for reading the user's data stored in the table from the data files into the database buffer cache?

- A. user process
- B. server process
- C. checkpoint (CKPT)
- D. system monitor (SMON)
- E. database writer (DBWn)
- F. process monitor (PMON)

Answer: B

8. View the Exhibit and identify the component labeled as a question mark.

- A. archiver (ARCn)
- B. checkpoint (CKPT)
- C. system monitor (SMON)
- D. process monitor (PMON)

Answer: B

9. View the Exhibit and examine Scott's session.

As a DBA, you executed the following command from another session:

Which statement is true regarding the effect of this command on the transaction in Scott's session?

- A. The command fails as a transaction is still open.
- B. No further write operations are allowed on the SALES tablespace.
- C. The transaction in Scott's session is rolled back and the tablespace becomes read only.
- D. After the existing transactions are committed or rolled back, the command completes and the tablespace is placed in read-only mode.

Answer: D

10. In which two scenarios does a checkpoint occur? (Choose two.)

- A. when a log switch occurs
- B. when a segment is dropped
- C. when a tablespace is dropped
- D. when a tablespace is taken offline in NORMAL mode

Answer: AD

11. Which two statements regarding the database writer (DBWn) background process are true? (Choose two.)

- A. It is an optional background process.
- B. It writes dirty buffers to the data files whenever a checkpoint occurs.
- C. It writes dirty buffers to the data files whenever a transaction commits.
- D. It writes dirty buffers to the data files before the log writer (LGWR) writes.
- E. It is possible to have more than one database writer in an Oracle instance.

Answer: BE

12. While updating the rows in a table you realize that one of the rows violates a constraint on the table, thereby causing the update to fail.

Which statement is true in this scenario?

- A. The undo data is moved to a temporary segment.
- B. The undo data is retained and marked as obsolete.
- C. The undo data is retained and reused when the update is executed again.
- D. The space used by undo data is freed up to be reused by another transaction.

Answer: D

13. You are working on an OLTP system where transactions are being performed. In which two situations will the log writer (LGWR) write redo entries to the online redo log files? (Choose two.)

- A. every three seconds
- B. when a transaction commits
- C. when the redo log buffer is one-fourth full
- D. after database writer (DBWn) writes dirty buffers to the data files
- E. when there is more than 1 KB of changes recorded in the redo log buffer

Answer: AB

14. Because of poor response time on queries, you are asked to allocate more space to the component that holds SQL execution plans.

To which component would you allocate more space?

- A. Java Pool
- B. Large Pool
- C. Shared Pool
- D. Row Cache

Answer: C

15. You execute the following command to create a role, ROLE1;

Which statements are true for the role? (Choose all that apply.)

- A. The role can contain only object privileges.
- B. The role must be set as the default role for the users.
- C. The USING clause creates the role as an application role.
- D. The role can be enabled only by using the authorized PL/SQL procedure.
- E. The role can be enabled only by the user, APPS, by using the SET ROLE command.

Answer: CD

16. You installed the Oracle software and want to create a database manually as per the following plan:

Which files do you need to create before creating the database?

- A. data files
- B. redo log files

- C.archived log file
- D.password file
- E.parameter file
- F.response file

Answer: E

17. Which statement regarding the KEEP buffer pool is true assuming that it is sized correctly?

- A.The buffer pool can be used for data blocks of standard size only.
- B.The buffer pool can be used for data blocks of both standard and nonstandard sizes.
- C.The buffer pool eliminates data blocks from memory when they are no longer needed.
- D.The buffer pool holds data blocks from schema objects that are not assigned to any buffer pool.

Answer: A

18. Which of the following files defines the characteristics of an Oracle instance?

- A.data file
- B.control file
- C.archived redo log files
- D.parameter file
- E.online redo log file

Answer: D

19. Identify three components of an Oracle instance for which you can change the size dynamically. (Choose three.)

- A.Java Pool
- B.Large Pool
- C.Shared Pool
- D.Redo Log Buffer
- E.Database Buffer Cache

Answer: BCE

20. Your database is configured with 10 MB of database buffer cache. You want to reduce this size. You executed the following command:

Why is the value set to 4194304 and not to 2516582?

- A.4194304 is the granule size.
- B.4194304 is the standard block size.
- C.4194304 is the largest nonstandard block size defined in the database.
- D.4194304 is the total size of data already available in the database buffer cache.
- E.4194304 is the default value and it is always one-third of the total System Global Area (SGA) size.

Answer: A

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